

# RUBY BLOCK – Solid bait (BB)

Ready to use bait block of 20gr containing 0.005% of difenacoum (CAS number: 56073-07-5)

**Authorisation No:** UK-2013-0693 **User category:** Professional use **Application:** For use in and around Buildings and in Sewers **Pest controlled:** Brown Rat (*Rattus Norvegicus*), Roof Rat, House Rat (*Rattus rattus*) and House Mouse (*Mus Musculus*).

**Instruction for Use:** To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance. When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry). Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. In case of using the product in sewers, bait should be placed in a way to protect from flooding or displacement. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. Methods of deployment for professional users are in bait station and other covering bait point.

**Application rate:** For rat infestations use bait points of 90-100 g. Place bait points 10 m apart reducing to 5 m in high infestations. Secure 90-100g per station to available structures to ensure blocks are not washed away. Do not move or disturb bait points for several days after laying bait. If no signs of rat activity are seen near the bait after 7-10 days, move the bait to an area of higher rat activity. For mouse infestations use bait points of 20-30 g. Place bait points 5 m apart reducing to 3 m in high infestations. Mice are very inquisitive and it may help the control program to move baits every 2-3 days at the time when bait points are inspected or topped up. Make frequent inspections of the bait points during the first 10-14 days and replace any bait eaten by rodents or that has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt

**Precautions:** Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. Keep/Store away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear suitable gloves. IF SWALLOWED, Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from oxidising agents. Keep in original container.

**Public area use:** When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticide and that they should not be disturbed.

Marketed by: LODI UK - Pensnett Trading  
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**Exp:**  
**Batch n°:**  
**Pack size: 5Kg**

Version 13/02/2018

RUBY BLOCK -Difenacoum (CAS 56073-07-5) : 0.005%

Danger

**H360** May damage the unborn child. **H373** May cause damage to organs (blood)

**through prolonged or repeated exposure.** P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

**LODI UK - Pensnett Trading Estate 3rd Avenue -KINGSWINFORD - West Midlands DY6 7FD - United Kingdom**



**Particulars of likely direct or indirect adverse effects and first aid instructions:** Difenacoum is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. There is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytomenadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child). Treatment with phytomenadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org/>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs. Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service ([www.npis.org](http://www.npis.org/)) for further advice. In case of accident, or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing. In case of contact with eyes, remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately. In case of ingestion or if swallowed seek medical advice immediately.

**Resistance status:** The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use. To control the spreading of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients. Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined.

**Disposal measures:** Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements. Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least once often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. Dead rodents should be disposed of at a suitably permitted incinerator, landfill or burial site by the waste producer or a registered waste carrier. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/>) or

